SI.No.	Rivers	States
18.	West flowing rivers of Kutch and Saurashtra including Luni	Rajashtan, Gujarat, UT of Diu
19.	Minor rivers draining into Myanmar (Burma) and Bangladesh	Manipur, Nagaland, Mizoram and Tripura.

Note: Not all the rivers from the group of rivers mentioned at Sr. No. 14 to 19 are interstate.

Sardar Sarovar Project

4101. SHRI PRAVEEN RASHTRAPAL: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state;

(a) the names of the beneficiary States of Sardar Sarovar Project;

(b) what will be the total generation of electricity at the dam site and the share of Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and Maharashtra States;

(c) the main beneficiary as far as benefit of power generation is concerned;

(d) how much amount is spent by Gujarat on the rehabilitation work for the displaced tribals and others on account of this project; and

(e) the amount spent by the Madhya Pradesh for the said work and the money given by Gujarat to Madhya Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (PROF. SAIF-UD-DIN SOZ): (a) The beneficiary States of the Sardar Sarovar Project are Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan.

(b) and (c) The total installed capacity of the River Bed Power House and Canal Head Power House of the Sardar Sarovar Project is 1450 Mega Watt. As per the Narmada Water Disputes Tribunal Award out of the net hydro-electric power generated from these Power Houses on any day the share of Madhya Pradesh will be 57 per cent; Maharashtra's share will be 27 per cent and Gujarat's share will be 16 per cent. There is no share of power for Rajasthan. The main beneficiary of power generation is Madhya Pradesh.

(d) The Government of Gujarat has spent Rs. 1549.76 crore as on 31st March, 2006 for resettlement and rehabilitation of the project affected families of the Sardar Sarovar Project, in Gujarat, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh.

(e) An expenditure for Rs. 988.64 crore has been made upto December, 2005 by the Government of Madhya Pradesh on the resettlement and rehabilitation of the project affected families of Sardar Sarovar Project against Rs. 1191. 38 crore provided to Madhya Pradesh upto 31st March, 2006 by the Government of Gujarat.

Losses due to average Annual Monsoon

†4102. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:
SHRI RAJ MOHINDER SINGH MAJITHA:

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the country has to suffer losses of more than 241 crore rupees on account of average annual monsoon;

(b) if not, the assessment regarding the actual losses; and

(c) the States which suffers maximum and minimum losses on account of monsoon and amount of losses suffered by them respectively?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (PROF. SAIF-UD-DIN SOZ): (a) The India Meteorological Department's (IMD) operational Long Range Forecast for the 2006 South-west Monsoon season (June to September) is that the rainfall for the country as a whole is likely to be 93% of the Long Period Average (LPA) with a model erroY of+/- 5%. The IMD will issue an update of the monsoon season rainfall forecast by 1st week of July 2006 which will also include forecast for the July rainfall over the country as a whole and seasonal (June to September) rainfall over the four broad homogeneous regions of the country.

It is too early to estimate the impact on the agricultural production since the production performance depends not only on quantum of rainfall but also on the temperature, temporal and spatial distribution of the rainfall.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.